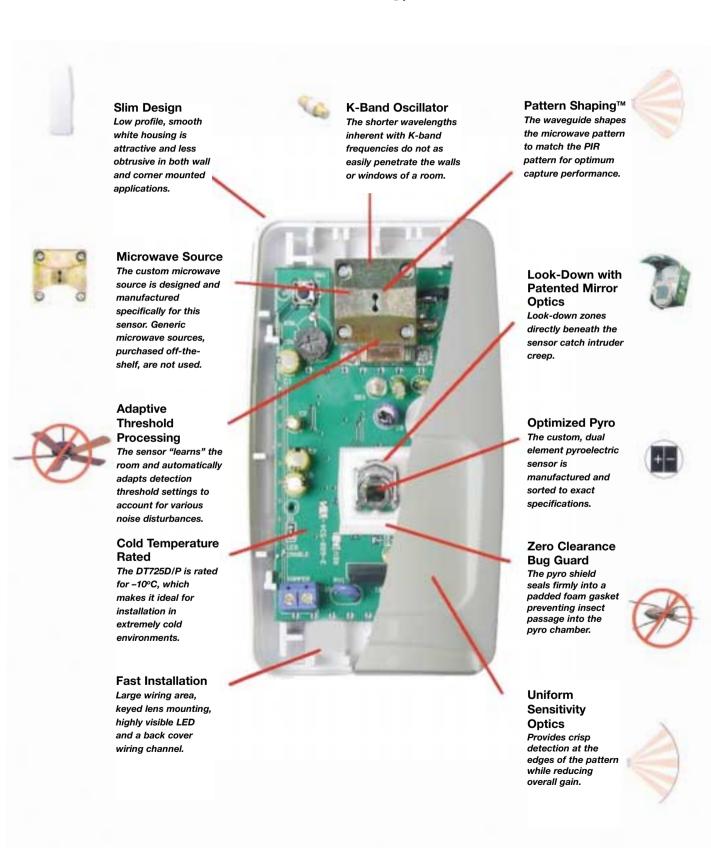
DT-725D/P

Duel Tec® Motion Sensor with K-band Technology





The K-band microwave technology provides excellent pattern shaping™ along with an attractive low profile design.

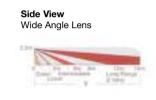
False Alarm Immunity Features

- PIR/Microwave requires dual detection for alarm
- Noise filtering on both the PIR and the K-Band Microwave eliminates burst events.
- Adaptive Thresholds "learn" false alarms sources in the room.
- RFI at 30 V/m is a standard so high that metal starts to get warm at 30 V/m.
- White light immunity of 6,500 Lux prevents false alarms to white light.

DT725D/P Detection Patterns

Top View Wide Angle Lens









DT725D/P Specifications

- Detection Technology PIR Microwave
 (K-Band Frequency)
- PIR Fields-Of-View
- 2 overlapping tiers of view per PIR finger

	DT725D/P
Long Range	22
Intermediate	12
Lower	6
Down	4

- Sensitivity
 2-4 Steps within the field-of-view
- Physical Dimensions
 White, high-impact, flame-retardant,
 polished ABS plastic housing.
 11.9 cm x 7.1 cm x 4.2 cm (h x w x d)

- Mounting Guidelines
- Mount on walls or in the corner. Optional mounting brackets available for swivel mounting. Maximum range obtained at a height of 2.3m
- Power Requirements
 7.5 16 VDC, 35mA, 12 VDC
 AC Ripple: 3V peak-to-peak @ nominal
 12 VDC
- Tamper Switch Form A (N.C.) switch rated at 50mA, 24 VDC
- Alarm Relay DT725D/P Energized Form A (N.C.) rated at 100mA at 42 VDC
- Microwave Frequency
 K-band microwave, 24.125 24.220GHz.
 The designed and built Gunn diode
 oscillator and Schottky diode mixer are
 located in two coupled waveguide
 cavities. Both are temperature
 compensated for frequency stability.

- Microwave Supervision Independent circuit supervises microwave against failure.
- Operating Temperature

 10oC to +55oC : 5% to 95% relative humidity, non-condensing.

 Radio Frequency Interference (RFI)
- Minimum 30 V/m across the frequency range from 10 to 1000MHz
- White Light Immunity 6500 Lux

For further information please contact:

Approvals
 UL listed
 Conforms to EN-50131-1 Grade 2
 Environmental Class II, Type B

DT-725D/P

Duel Tec[®] Motion Sensor with K-band Technology





Suitable in Security Grade 2

FEATURES

K-band Microwave Technology
Uniform Sensitivity Optics
Microwave Adapt Threshold
White Light Immunity

Effective in Hot and Cold Environments

Accessories

• SMB-10 Universal white swivel mount bracket

SMB-10T Tampered universal white swivel mount bracket

SMB-10C Universal white ceiling mount bracket

• Lens Option Curtain

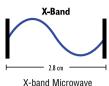
© 2003 • IntelliSense is a registered trademark of Honeywell Inc.

• All other trademarks are the properties of their respective owners • All rights reserved

- Specifications subject to change without prior notice DT725D/P Brochure (V1)
- epositioation outsjeet to change without prior floated * 517205/1 Brooklaid (*1)



K-band Microwave Frequency Wavelength (24.1 - 24.2 GHz)



X-band Microwave Frequency Wavelength (10.52 GHz)

K-Band Dual Technology

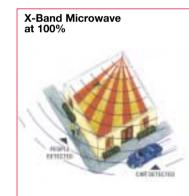
Previous K-band units were extremely expensive and usually reserved for the highest security applications. But not anymore, the IntelliSense K-band DUAL TEC DT725D/P motion sensor is competitively priced and provides stateof-the-art K-band microwave performance.

What is K-Band?

K-band is a higher frequency, shorter wavelength microwave signal. Its shorter wavelength provides superior fast-catch performance and helps keep the microwave signal from penetrating beyond the walls of the room.

X-Band microwaves travel through walls

Almost all of today's sensors use the X-band microwave frequency. But because of their longer wavelengths. Xband microwaves often travel well beyond walls and windows. If the microwave sensitivity is not properly adjusted, the sensor will detect motion outside the room as if it were inside.



X-Band microwave freauencies travel through walls and windows. Consequently, people, cars and other moving objects outside the room can trigger X-band microwave sensors.

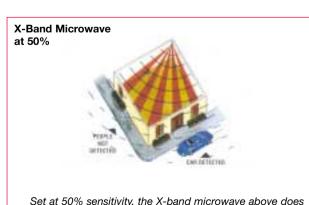
If the PIR false alarms due to nfrared activity in the room such as a heater or ireplace) at the same time that the microwave detects movement outside the room. the sensor will false alarm.

K-Band stays in the room

K-bands shorter wavelength has greater resistance penetrating walls and windows. So by staying in the room, K-band reduces potential false alarms.



Is adjusting microwave sensitivity enough?

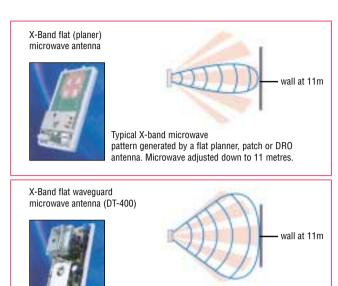


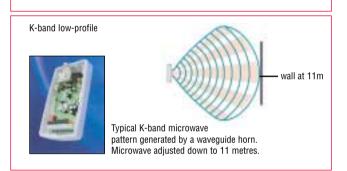
not detect the person, but does detect the passing car.

Microwave sensitivity is adjusted to fit the room by using the mass of a human target walking the pattern. Properly adjusted, the microwave will not detect the mass of a person walking on the other side of the wall or window. However, it is possible that a moving object of larger mass such as a car or blowing tree would be detected. As the chart below shows, K-band has much less penetration through walls of the room than X-band.

Typical Amount of Microwave Signal Blocked by Walls & Windows		
	Signal Blocked by Solid Outside Wall	Signal Blocked by Framed Glass Wall
X-Band (most common frequency)	85%	20%
K-Band special designed	96%	60%

Microwave Antenna **Pattern Comparison**





FEATURE

Dual Technology

K-Band Microwave

Look-Down Optics

Low Profile Design

Manufactured

Special Designed and

K-Band Pattern Shaping™

Faster Down-The-Throat Capture

Zero Clearance Bug Guard

pattern generated by a waveguide horn.

vave adjusted down to 11 metres

IntelliSense® K-Band DT725D/P

BENEFIT

The microwave and PIR technologies cross-check

each other and each ignores different false alarm

Shorter wavelength enables the microwave pattern

to be more tightly controlled, plus the pattern

Microwave and PIR patterns closely match one

Detects intruders sneaking under the sensor to

Single edge PIR and short K-band wavelength

Sleek design in a smooth white housing is less

Based on the most real-world field experience in

Impossible for bugs to enter optics area.

doesn't penetrate walls or windows as easily.

another at close, medium and far ranges.

gain entry or disable the sensor.

means fast catch down-the-throat

obtrusive in homes and offices

sensor design.

Pattern Shaping™ **K-Band Technology**

When you reduce the microwave sensitivity of a typical Xband based sensor to fit the size of the room, especially those sensors with flat antennas, the microwave pattern tends to collapse significantly on the sides. Using X-band waveguide extending out from the housing helps better shape the pattern.

With the DT725D/P, the shorter K-band wavelengths use a smaller, low-profile waveguide. When you adjust the K-band sensor with the Pattern Shaping™ waveguide technology, the microwave pattern holds its shape and matches the PIR pattern, resulting in quick, accurate capture of intruders as well as preventing potential false

With all dual technology sensors, for fastest catch and best false alarm immunity, always adjust the microwave sensitivity to fit inside the room. For example, in an 11 metre room, follow the installation instructions to reduce microwave sensitivity so that it stays in the room. As illustrated on the right, the microwave detection pattern changes when adjusted down to fit the room size.

ADVANTAGE

Better catch performance, reliability and false

Better false alarm immunity since disturbances

Catch performance directly beneath the sensor.

Prevents intruders from reaching the sensor

Designed from the start to perform in harsh

Safeguards against performance interruptions and

false alarms caused by bugs or dust. Ideal for any

outside both patterns are ignored.

region around the world.

More attractive to customers.

conditions around the world.

Fewer false alarms.

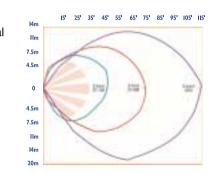
"The best way to see the revolutionary advances of the K-band DUAL TEC DT725D/P is to walk test it against your current sensor."

Walk Testing Maximum Microwave Ranges

- · Use a large room, such as a hotel ballroom or, weather permitting, a soccer field, Mark the floor or ground off every 3 metres.
- Mount the sensors at one end
- Set the dual technology sensors at maximum sensitivity (typically shipped at maximum and installed without adjustment)
- Walk the pattern and mark the maximum microwave range on the sides and in front. Note: Microwave range on some sensors may extend out as far as 43 metres and as wide as 27 metres.
- Walk the pattern and mark the maximum PIR range on the sides and in front.
- Next, adjust the microwave sensitivity for detection at 11 metres for an 11m rated sensor, and 15 metres for a 15m rated sensor

Maximum Sensitivity

The microwave patterns of most dual technology sensors extend considerably farther than you might expect. Try it for yourself

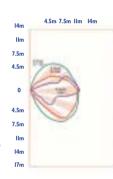


With sensitivity set at 100%, some 11 metre

Adjusted to 11 metres

In every installation, the microwave range should be adjusted down so that the pattern is within the room.

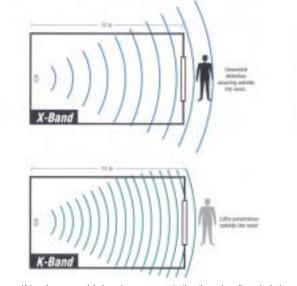
> With range adjusted to fit a normal room, the K-band continues to hold its pattern, closely matching the PIR pattern.



Sample X-band DRO, X-band waveguide and K-band waveguide range adjusted to fit an

Walk Testing Microwave Transmissions through Walls and Windows

- Mount the sensor in an average sized room, with microwave sensitivity at maximum.
- Watch the microwave LED and have a partner walk on the outside of the far wall. Using an outside wall with a window is most realistic.
- Have a partner walk close to the wall and at a distance from the wall. (Using walkie-talkies helps with communication).
- · Try moving a car on the other side of the wall.



K-band sensors minimize microwave penetration through walls and windows